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THREE SPECIES OF THE FERN GENUS COLYSIS PRESL (POLYPODIACEAE) NEW TO INDIA

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ABSTRACT

Colysis digitata (Bak.) Ching, C. longisora (Bak.) Ching, and C. pentaphylla (Bak.) Ching are being reported for the first time from India. A revised key to the Indian species of the genus Colysis Presl section Dictyogramme Presl, has been provided.

INTRODUCTION

During the course of identification of the ferns collected from Manipur in Feb.-Mar. 1978, the authors came across some interesting specimens belonging to the genus Colysis Presl. A critical study of these with relevant literature revealed them to be C. digitata (Bak.) Ching and C. pentaphylla (Bak.) Ching, which are so far not reported from this country cf. Beddome (1892), Ching (1933, 1937), Mehra and Bir (1964), Tagawa (1966, 1971). An examination of the collections of this genus present in the Central National Herbarium (CAL) revealed that a specimen from Manipur earlier identified as C. elliptica (Thunb.) Ching, was infact C. longisora (Bak.) Ching, which also is a new record for India. Amongst the present new records C. digitata (Bak.) Ching was earlier known from China, C. longisora (Bak.) Ching from China and Vietnam, and C. pentaphylla (Bak.) Ching from China, Thailand and Bhutan. In this paper, these three species are described with suitable illustrations, a revised key to the Indian species of the genus Colysis Presl, section Dictyogramme Presl, has also been included.

Key to the Indian species of the genus Colysis Presl, section Dictyogramme Presl.

 Fronds digitately lobed Fronds pinnatifid or pinnate : Fronds pinnatifid :	C. digitata
 4. Pinnae 2-5 jugate, 13-15 × 3-4 cm 4. Pinnae 5-7 jugate, 18-28 × 2.5-3 cm 3. Fronds pinnatifid with a very na- rrow wing on each side of rachis 	C. latiloba C. pothifolia
or the lowermost pinnae almost wing-less, pinnae 3-4 jugate, elliptic, 11.5-15.5×1.2-1.5 cm 2. Fronds pinnate : 5. Pinnae 5-jugate, oblong-lance-	C. elliptica
olate, 12-13.5 × 2.2-2.4 cm, sori long, extending from costa to margins, ascending 5. Pinnae 2-4 jugate, broadly- lanceolate, 12-16 × 2.7-3.5	C. longisora
cm, sori short, not extending upto margins, patent	C. pentaphylla

Colysis digitata (Bak.) Ching in Bull. Fan. Mem. Inst. Biol. 4: 328. 1933. Gymnogramme digitata Bak. in Journ. Bot. 267. 1890.

Rhizomes wide-creeping, slender, 3-4 mm in diameter; scales clathrate, iridescent, lanceolate, atrobrown, hair pointed at apex. Fronds distant, 1.5 to 4 cm apart, 35-40 cm tall, digitate; stipes 18-21 cm, erect, pale stramineous, naked; pinnae 3, digitately divided, wingless or shortly decurrent at ba e, segments lanceolate, $11.5-20 \times 2.8-4.6$ cm, (middle pinna larger than the lateral ones), acuminate at apex, slightly narrowed at base, margins thickened, entire but repand, pale

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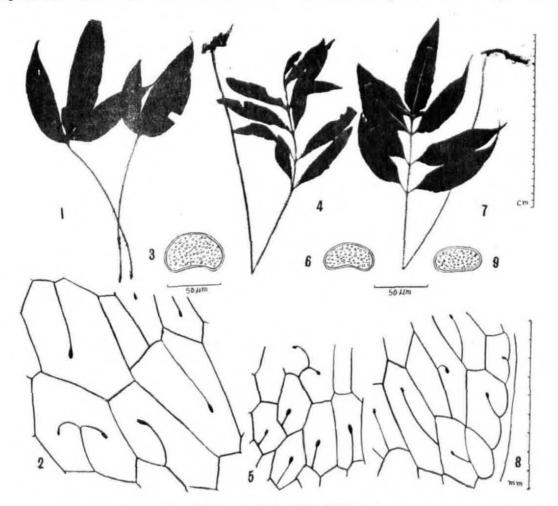
glabrous on both the surfaces, midrib slightly raised on the lower surface. Venation reticulate, areoles large, copious, irregularly hexagonal with included recurrent simple or Sori linear, 10-20 × 1-1.5 forked veinlets. mm, slightly oblique, extending from the costa to nearly to the margin. Spores monolete, 35-60 µ, yellowish-green, verru- Colysis longisora (Bak.) Ching in Bull. Fan. coid. (Figs. 1-3).

Specimens examined : SIKKIM-1879, King

brownish-green, thin but firm in texture, s. n. (CAL ACC. No. 7294). MANIPUR-Litan: Karpong, 2000 m, 14.2.78, Dixit 58944 (CAL).

> The Indian plants possess 3 segments only, although according to Ching (1937) simple to 5 leaf-segments are not uncommon in Chinese populations.

> Mem. Inst. Biol. 4: 331. 1933. Gymnogramme longisora Bak. in Journ. Bot.



figs. 1-9: 1-3. Colysis digitata (Bak.) Ching: 1. Habit, Dixit 58944. 2. Venation. 3. Spore. 4-6. C. longisora Bak.) Ching: 4. Habit, Meebold 5307. 5. Venation. 6. Spore. 7-9. C. pentaphylla (Bak.) Ching: 7. Habit. Dixit 59018. 8. Venation. 9. Spore.

267. 1890. in diameter; scales clathrate, ovate-lanceo- ed; lamina oblong, impari-pinnate, pinnae

late, iridescent, dark brown. Fronds upto Rhizomes wide creeping, slender, 3-4 mm 65 cm, tall, stipes 45 cm, stramineous, nak-

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5-jugate, 12-13.5 × 2.2-2.4 cm, oblong-lanceolate, long attenuate at base, obtuse or acute at apex, lower ones sub-petiolate, upper ones more or less decurrent to adnate, thin but firm in texture, green, glabrous on both the surfaces, margins entire to repandulous, midrib distinct and slightly raised on the lower surface. Venation reticulate, areoles small, hexagonal, usually with a free included veinlet. Sori linear, very oblique, extending from the costa to the margin. Spores monolete, 23-48 μ , pale, verrucoid. (Figs. 4-6).

Specimen examined: MANIPUR: Maothana, 1,500 m, Feb. 1906, Meebold 5307 (CAL).

Colysis pentaphylla (Bak.) Ching in Bull. Fan. Mem. Inst. Biol. 4: 332. 1933. Gymnogramme pentaphylla Bak. in Kew Bull. 233. 1898.

Rhizomes wide-creeping, slender, 2-3 mm in diameter; scales clathrate, iridescent, ovate-lanceolate, dirty brown. Fronds distant, 50-70 cm tall, simple pinnate; stipes 35-45 cm, pale-stramineous, naked; lamina impari-pinnate, ovate, green; pinnae 2-4 jugate, broadly lanceolate, 12-16 (-20) × 2.7-3.5 cm, opposite, base attenuate and slightly decurrent, acuminate at apex, herbaceous, glabrous on both the surfaces, margins entire to repandulous, midrib distinct and slightly raised on the lower surface. Venation reticulate, areoles copious, irregularly hexagonal with included recurrent simple veinlets, lateral main veins visible above. Sori linear, $8 \cdot 15 \times 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 5$ mm, oblique, extending over two third from the costa towards margin. Spores monolete, 22-42 μ , yellowish-green, verrucoid. (Figs. 7-9).

Specimens examined: MANIPUR: Ukhrul, 2000 m, 24.2.1978, Dixit 58880, (CAL); Sirohi hill, 2200 m, 25.2.1978, Dixit 59018, (CAL). CHINA: Yunnan: Szemov mts. 2300 m, 1899 Henry 9033B (CAL); 2000 m, 1899, Henry 9259B (CAL).

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