

mm long, excluded (included in corolla tube in protandrous flowers); style simple, 14.0-16.0 mm long, glandular hairy; stigma capitate; ovary 25.0-32.0 mm long; disc 1.0-1.5 x 1.5-2.5 mm; glabrous, annular. Capsules 25.0-30.0 x 0.25-0.35 cm, linear, tapering at both the ends. Seeds numerous, small, ca 0.75 mm long with 2 long white hairs near the hilum and one at the apex.

*Fls. & Frts.* : September-November.

*Ecology* Occasional epiphytic on *Ficus* tree trunk in shady moist, damp places along sea shore.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors are thankful to the Director, Central Drug Research Institute, Lucknow, for the facilities of work; to Dr. B. L. Burtt, Royal Botanic Gardens, Edinburgh for suggestions. Thanks are also due to Dr. N. C. Majumdar, Retired Scientist-C, Botanical Survey of India, Howrah for help in Latin diagnosis.

A. K. GOEL, M. K. VASUDEVA RAO†

AND

B. N. MEHROTRA

*Botany Division, Central Drug Research Institute, Lucknow*

*Botanical Survey of India, Port Blair*

#### *TRIGONELLA UPENDRAE H. CHOWDHERRY ET R. R. RAO, SP. NOV. (FABACEAE)* —A NEW SPECIES OF *TRIGONELLA* FROM HIMACHAL PRADESH, INDIA

During a routine scrutiny of the herbarium specimens housed at BSD, Dehra Dun, the authors came across an interesting specimen of *Trigonella* wrongly identified as *T. foenum-graceum* L. A critical study of the specimen revealed it to be a new species, closely allied to *T. corniculata* L. and is described here.

***Trigonella upendrae* Chowdherry et R. R. Rao, sp. nov.** (Figs. A-G).

*T. corniculata* proxime affinis, sed facile distinguenda habitu erectis, parce ramosis, petiolis foliolis brevioribus, dentibus calycis tubis longioribus, alis carinam aequantibus.

Herbae erectae, parce ramosae, caulis glaber. Foliola minute dentata, obovato-cuneata, glabra. Petiolis foliolis breviores. Stipulae lanceolatae, basi auriculatae, profunde dentatae, incisae, caulem cingentes. Flores flavi, 12 vel plures in racemo condenso, pedunculi apice aristati. Corolla calyce duplo longior.

*Holotypus lectus*—K. P. Janardhanan Subnumero 47716 A ad locum Pangi Village,

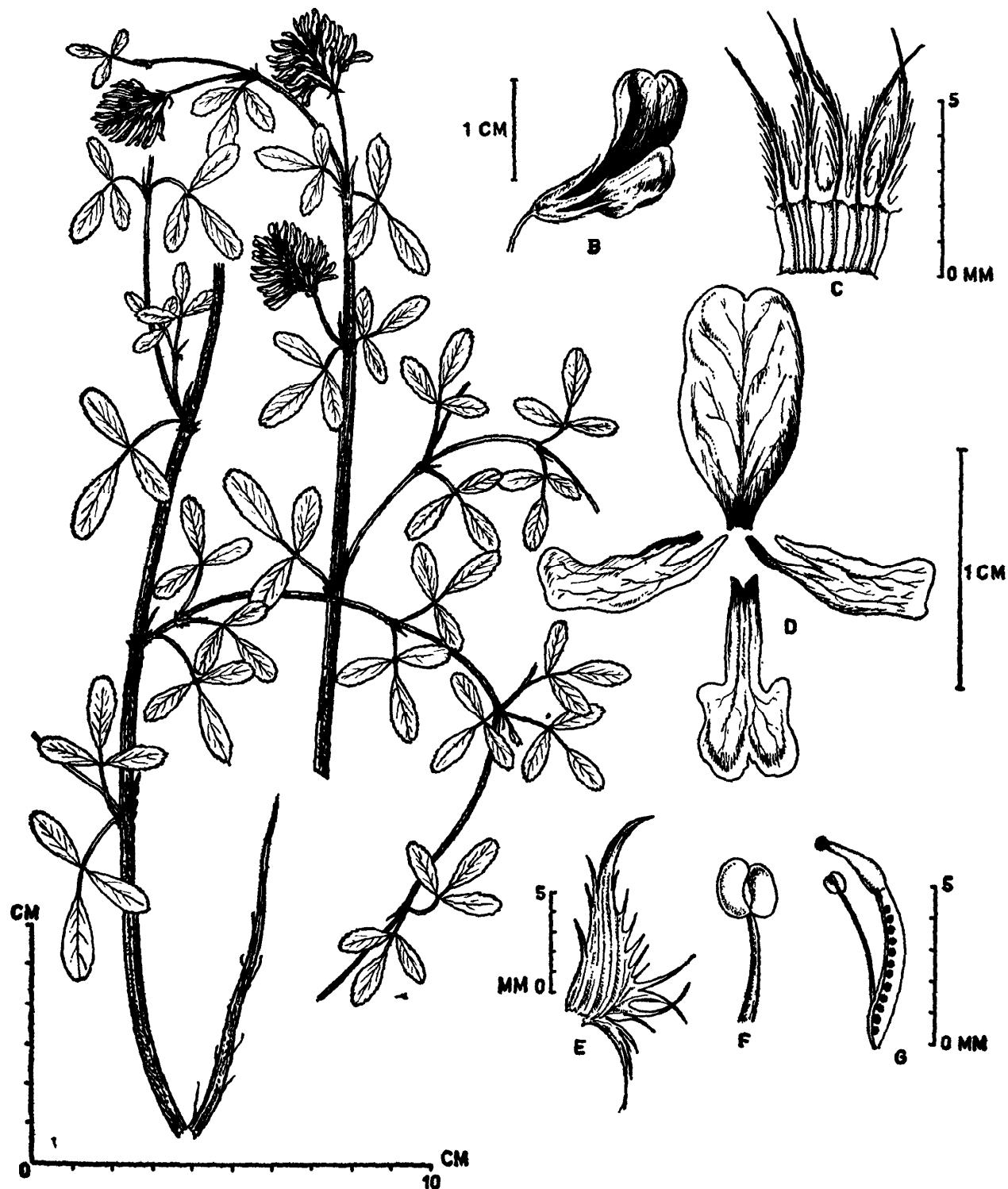
Kinnaur district, Himachal Pradesh, India et positus in CAL. *Isotype 47716 B et C* positus in BSD.

***Trigonella upendrae* Chowdherry et R. R. Rao, sp. nov.** (Figs. A-G).

Erect, sparingly branched, glabrous herbs, 40-60 cm tall. Stem 2-3 mm thick, smooth. Leaves stipulate, pinnately trifoliate, petiole shorter than the leaflets. Leaflets 2-2.5 x 5-11 mm, minutely dentate in the upper portion of the leaflet, obovate-cuneate, glabrous. Stipules lanceolate, deeply toothed, incised, points setaceous, 8-11 mm long, auricled at the base, encircling the stem. Flowers 12 (15-30) in condensed racemes, yellow. Peduncles far exceeding the leaves, 2.5-3.5 cm long, awned at the tip. Calyx 5-7 mm long, teeth longer than the tube. Corolla twice as long as the calyx, wings equal to the keel. Stamens diadelphous. Ovary sessile, many-ovuled. Fruits not seen.

*Flowers* : June.

*Ecology* : Herbs, growing in moist places along the banks & streams.



*Trigonella upendrae* Chowdhery et Rao sp. nov.

Figs.A-G: A. Habit. B. Flower. C. Calyx. D. Corolla. E. Stipule.  
F. Stamen. G. Ovary.

*Specimen examined* : Holotype—India—Himachal Pradesh, Pangi village near P.W.D. rest house, Kinnaur district. K. P. Janardhanan, 47716 A (CAL); Isotypes 47716 B & C (BSD).

*Note* : Several attempts to recollect this plant from the type locality proved in vain.

The species is named after Dr. Upendra Chandra Bhattacharyya, who has extensively botanised in this region.

*Trigonella corniculata* L.

1. Diffuse, suberect, much branched.
2. Stipule deeply toothed, not auricled.
3. Petiole as long as or exceeding leaflets.
4. Leaflets faintly inciso-dentate.
5. Calyx teeth shorter than the tube.
6. Wings shorter than the keel.

*Trigonella upendrae* sp. nov.

- Erect, sparingly branched.  
Stipule deeply incised, auricled at base.  
Petioles shorter than leaflets.  
Leaflets minutely dentate in the terminal portion.  
Calyx teeth longer than the tube.  
Wings and keel equal in size.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors are grateful to the Director, Botanical Survey of India for facilities and encouragement and to Dr. N. C. Majumdar, retired Scientist C, Botanical Survey of India, Dehra Dun for providing the latin diagnosis.

H. J. CHOWDHARY  
Botanical Survey of India, Itanagar

AND

R. R. RAO  
National Botanical Research Institute, Lucknow.

A NEW SPECIES OF *AMMANNIA* L. (LYTHRACEAE) FROM INDIA

*Ammannia nagpurensis* T. Mathew et Nayar, sp. nov. (Fig. 1).

Affinis *A. multiflora* Roxb. sed caulibus parce ramosis, pedunculis longioribus (ad 15 mm longis), calicis lobis subrotundatis, apicem mucronatis, floribus fructibusque laxibus, antheris plano insertionis petalorum aequis differt.

*Typus* : India, Maharashtra, Nagpur Dt., Jalankeri farm, 283 m, 20.11.1957, Subramanyam 4717 (Holo : CAL; Iso : MH).

Annual, glabrous herbs. Stems up to 30 cm long, erect, sparsely branched, usually with one or two basal branches, four-winged. Leaves simple, opposite decussate,  $3-15 \times 0.5-3.0$  mm, linear-oblong with auriculate-cordate base, acute at apex, entire, glabrous, membranous, semi-amplexicaulous. Flowers in

axillary simple or compound pedunculate cymes; peduncles filiform; primary peduncles 8-15 mm long; secondary peduncles up to 7 mm long; (1-)3-7(-15) flowers per cyme; pedicel 1.5-2 mm long; bracteoles 2, at the base of pedicel. Calyx tube campanulate, ca 1 mm long, lobes 4, subrotundate, mucronate. Petals 4, 0.5-1 mm long, obovate, inserted at the rim of calyx tube, pink, caducous. Stamens 4, inserted on the middle of calyx tube, filaments 0.5-0.6 mm long, anthers borne level with the base of petals. Ovary 0.75-1 mm long, globose, wall membranous, 2-loculed, many ovules in each locule; style distinct, 0.75-1 mm long, persistent in fruits; stigma capitate. Capsules up to 2 mm across, globose, exserted, opening irregularly. Seeds many, minute, 0.35-0.25 mm, ovoid, brown.